## Pre-Test #3

<ul> <li>1) A style sheet contains this rule: p + p { color: red }</li> <li>Which of the following describes this selector?</li> <li>a) any p element</li> <li>b) any p element that immediately follows a p element</li> <li>c) any p element that is a parent of a p element</li> <li>d) all of the above</li> <li>e) none of the above</li> </ul>	2) Generally, which takes precedence?  a) an external style sheet b) an internal style sheet c) a local style d) HTML formatting e) none of the above
3) A style sheet contains this rule: div > h1 { color: red }  Which of the following describes this selector?  a) any h1 element that is a child of a div element b) any h1 element that is a parent of a div element c) any div element that is a child of an h1 element d) any div element that is a parent of an h1 element element element e) e) none of the above	4) Which CSS rule is <b>not</b> correct?  a) body { color: red; background-color: black }  b) span { color: red; background-color: black; }  c) h2 { color: red: background-color: black }  d) all of the above  e) none of the above
5) A style sheet contains this rule: div h1 { color: red }  Which of the following describes this selector?  a) any h1 element that is a child of a div element b) any h1 element that is a parent of a div element c) any div element that is a child of an h1 element d) any div element that is a parent of an h1 element element element element e) e) none of the above	6) A style sheet contains this rule: div, h1 { color: red }  Which of the following describes this selector?  a) any h1 element that is a child of a div element b) any h1 element that is a parent of a div element c) any h1 element or any div element d) any h1 element that follows a div element e) none of the above

7) A style sheet contains this rule: #sidebar { color: red }  Which of the following describes this selector?  a) any element with a class attribute that contains the word sidebar  b) any element with an id attribute that equals sidebar  c) an HTML element called sidebar  d) all of the above  e) none of the above	8) A style sheet contains this rule: div#sidebar { color: red }  Which of the following describes this selector?  a) any element with a class attribute that contains the word sidebar that is a descedant of a div element  b) any element with an id attribute that equals sidebar that is a descedant of a div element  c) any div element with a class attribute that contains the word sidebar  d) any div element with an id attribute that equals sidebar  e) none of the above
9) A style sheet contains this rule: div.sidebar div { color: red }  Which of the following describes this selector?  a) any element with a class attribute that contains the word sidebar that is a descendant of a div element  b) any element with an id attribute that equals sidebar that is a descendant of a div element  c) any div element with a class attribute that contains the word sidebar that follows a div element  d) any div element with an id attribute that equals sidebar that is a descendant of a div element  e) d) any div element with an id attribute that equals sidebar that is a descendant of a div element  e) e) none of the above	10) What is the difference between a class and an id?  a) an id must be unique in a page, while a class does not have to be unique in a page b) an id must be unique in a site, while a class does not have to be unique in a site c) an id can only be applied to a <div>, but a class can be applied to other elelments d) there is no difference between a class and an id e) none of the above</div>